

ESTABLISHED BY FRANKLIN 1758.

**WHOLE NUMBER 6,723.**

5



## Traveler's Directory.

OLD COLONY STEAMBOAT CO.

**Fall River Line,**  
—FOR—  
**New York, the South and West.**

## SUMMER ARRANGEMENTS.

Steamer *Pilgrim*, Bristol, and Providence in company, leave New York from Pier No. 28, N. R. at 10:30 A. M. for Fall River, direct, 6:15 P. M. for New York, direct, 6:15 P. M. The latter steamer remains at Newport until 5:15 A. M. before proceeding to Fall River.

**A FINE CONCERT** is given on board steamers every evening by the band and orchestra attached to each steamer.

J. R. KENDRICK, Gen'l Manager.

J. H. JORDAN, Agent, Newport, R. I.

**Newport & Wickford Railroad and Steamboat Co.**  
Carrying United States Mail.

Direct Route from Newport

New York &amp; Providence.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

Steamer *Eolus*

Will commence Monday, May 30, 1887, leaving

Newport five times daily

(Sundays excepted)

7:30 A. M.—For Providence and Boston, due

in Providence at 9:15 A. M., Boston 10:30 A. M.

11:40 A. M.—For New York, due in New York at 3:30 P. M.

1:40 P. M.—For New York, due in New York at 3:30 P. M.

1:40 P. M.—For New York, due in New York at 3:30 P. M.

1:40 P. M.—For New York, due in New York at 3:30 P. M.

1:40 P. M.—For New York, due in New York at 3:30 P. M.

1:40 P. M.—For New York, due in New York at 3:30 P. M.

1:40 P. M.—For New York, due in New York at 3:30 P. M.

1:40 P. M.—For New York, due in New York at 3:30 P. M.

1:40 P. M.—For New York, due in New York at 3:30 P. M.

1:40 P. M.—For New York, due in New York at 3:30 P. M.

1:40 P. M.—For New York, due in New York at 3:30 P. M.

1:40 P. M.—For New York, due in New York at 3:30 P. M.

1:40 P. M.—For New York, due in New York at 3:30 P. M.

1:40 P. M.—For New York, due in New York at 3:30 P. M.

1:40 P. M.—For New York, due in New York at 3:30 P. M.

1:40 P. M.—For New York, due in New York at 3:30 P. M.

1:40 P. M.—For New York, due in New York at 3:30 P. M.

1:40 P. M.—For New York, due in New York at 3:30 P. M.

1:40 P. M.—For New York, due in New York at 3:30 P. M.

1:40 P. M.—For New York, due in New York at 3:30 P. M.

1:40 P. M.—For New York, due in New York at 3:30 P. M.

1:40 P. M.—For New York, due in New York at 3:30 P. M.

1:40 P. M.—For New York, due in New York at 3:30 P. M.

1:40 P. M.—For New York, due in New York at 3:30 P. M.

1:40 P. M.—For New York, due in New York at 3:30 P. M.

1:40 P. M.—For New York, due in New York at 3:30 P. M.

1:40 P. M.—For New York, due in New York at 3:30 P. M.

1:40 P. M.—For New York, due in New York at 3:30 P. M.

1:40 P. M.—For New York, due in New York at 3:30 P. M.

1:40 P. M.—For New York, due in New York at 3:30 P. M.

1:40 P. M.—For New York, due in New York at 3:30 P. M.

1:40 P. M.—For New York, due in New York at 3:30 P. M.

1:40 P. M.—For New York, due in New York at 3:30 P. M.

1:40 P. M.—For New York, due in New York at 3:30 P. M.

1:40 P. M.—For New York, due in New York at 3:30 P. M.

1:40 P. M.—For New York, due in New York at 3:30 P. M.

1:40 P. M.—For New York, due in New York at 3:30 P. M.

1:40 P. M.—For New York, due in New York at 3:30 P. M.

1:40 P. M.—For New York, due in New York at 3:30 P. M.

1:40 P. M.—For New York, due in New York at 3:30 P. M.

1:40 P. M.—For New York, due in New York at 3:30 P. M.

1:40 P. M.—For New York, due in New York at 3:30 P. M.

1:40 P. M.—For New York, due in New York at 3:30 P. M.

1:40 P. M.—For New York, due in New York at 3:30 P. M.

1:40 P. M.—For New York, due in New York at 3:30 P. M.

1:40 P. M.—For New York, due in New York at 3:30 P. M.

1:40 P. M.—For New York, due in New York at 3:30 P. M.

1:40 P. M.—For New York, due in New York at 3:30 P. M.

1:40 P. M.—For New York, due in New York at 3:30 P. M.

1:40 P. M.—For New York, due in New York at 3:30 P. M.

1:40 P. M.—For New York, due in New York at 3:30 P. M.

1:40 P. M.—For New York, due in New York at 3:30 P. M.

1:40 P. M.—For New York, due in New York at 3:30 P. M.

1:40 P. M.—For New York, due in New York at 3:30 P. M.

1:40 P. M.—For New York, due in New York at 3:30 P. M.

1:40 P. M.—For New York, due in New York at 3:30 P. M.

1:40 P. M.—For New York, due in New York at 3:30 P. M.

1:40 P. M.—For New York, due in New York at 3:30 P. M.

1:40 P. M.—For New York, due in New York at 3:30 P. M.

1:40 P. M.—For New York, due in New York at 3:30 P. M.

1:40 P. M.—For New York, due in New York at 3:30 P. M.

1:40 P. M.—For New York, due in New York at 3:30 P. M.

1:40 P. M.—For New York, due in New York at 3:30 P. M.

1:40 P. M.—For New York, due in New York at 3:30 P. M.

1:40 P. M.—For New York, due in New York at 3:30 P. M.

1:40 P. M.—For New York, due in New York at 3:30 P. M.

1:40 P. M.—For New York, due in New York at 3:30 P. M.

1:40 P. M.—For New York, due in New York at 3:30 P. M.

1:40 P. M.—For New York, due in New York at 3:30 P. M.

1:40 P. M.—For New York, due in New York at 3:30 P. M.

1:40 P. M.—For New York, due in New York at 3:30 P. M.

1:40 P. M.—For New York, due in New York at 3:30 P. M.

1:40 P. M.—For New York, due in New York at 3:30 P. M.

1:40 P. M.—For New York, due in New York at 3:30 P. M.

1:40 P. M.—For New York, due in New York at 3:30 P. M.

1:40 P. M.—For New York, due in New York at 3:30 P. M.

1:40 P. M.—For New York, due in New York at 3:30 P. M.

1:40 P. M.—For New York, due in New York at 3:30 P. M.

1:40 P. M.—For New York, due in New York at 3:30 P. M.

1:40 P. M.—For New York, due in New York at 3:30 P. M.

1:40 P. M.—For New York, due in New York at 3:30 P. M.

1:40 P. M.—For New York, due in New York at 3:30 P. M.

1:40 P. M.—For New York, due in New York at 3:30 P. M.

1:40 P. M.—For New York, due in New York at 3:30 P. M.

1:40 P. M.—For New York, due in New York at 3:30 P. M.

1:40 P. M.—For New York, due in New York at 3:30 P. M.

## Miscellaneous.

P. J. MURPHY,

**Practical Plumber**  
SUCCESSOR TO C. GREASON,  
AT THE OLD STAND,  
161 SPRING STREET,  
(1 door north of Mill St.)

## SANITARY PLUMBING AND VENTILATION

A specialty, and will receive prompt and personal attention. First class work solicited, and references furnished on application. Connected by telephone

Eddy's Refrigerators

ARE THE

BEST.

A large assortment of all sizes and styles now in store and for sale at reasonable prices by the manufacturer's SOLE AGENT for Newport,

W. K. COVELL, Jr.,

163 Thames St.

Dealer in choice Housefurnishings goods.

NEW BOOKS

—AT—

CLARKE'S

A Desperate Chance,

by J. D. J. KELLY.

50c.

Red Spider,

by C. B. B. GOULD.

50c.

Mr. Barnes of New York,

by G. M. MANVILLE FERN.

25c.

The Bag of Diamonds,

by G. M. MANVILLE FERN.

25c.

Us in a Looking Glass,

by F. C. PHILIPS.

25c.

For sale at

Clarke's News Depot

On and After Friday, July 1st, 1887,

Str. CONANICUT

Will run as follows:

LEAVE

JAMESTOWN

LEAVE

NEWPORT

6:15 A. M.

8:15 A. M.

10:15 A. M.

12:15 P. M.

2:15 P. M.

4:15 P. M.

6:15 P. M.

8:15 P. M.

10:15 P. M.

12:15 P. M.

2:15 P. M.

4:15 P. M.

6:15 P. M.

8:15 P. M.

10:15 P. M.

12:15 P. M.

2:15 P. M.

4:15 P. M.

6:15 P. M.

8:15 P. M.

10:15 P. M.

12:15 P. M.

2:15 P. M.

4:15 P. M.

6:15 P. M.

8:15 P. M.

10:15 P. M.

12:15 P. M.

2:15 P. M.

4:15 P. M.

6:15 P. M.

8:15 P. M.

10:15 P. M.

12:15 P. M.

2:15 P. M.

4:15 P. M.

6:15 P. M.

8:15 P. M.

10:15 P. M.

12:15 P. M.

2:15 P. M.

4:15 P. M.

6:15 P. M.

8:15 P. M.

10:15 P. M.

12:15 P. M.

2:15 P. M.

4:15 P. M.

6:15 P. M.

8:15 P. M.

10:15 P. M.

12:15 P. M.

2:15 P. M.

4:15 P. M.

6:15 P. M.

8:15 P. M.

10:15 P. M.

12:15 P. M.

2:15 P. M.

4:15 P. M.

6:15 P. M.

8:15 P. M.

10:15 P. M.

12:15 P. M.

2:15 P. M.

4:15 P. M.

6:15 P. M.

8:15 P. M.

10:15 P. M.

12:15 P. M.

2:15 P. M.

4:15 P. M.

6:15 P. M.

8:15 P. M.

10:15 P. M.

12:15 P. M.

## VITIATED BLOOD

Scrofulous, Inherited and Contagious Humors Cured by

Cure.

THROUGH the medium of one of your books

I received through Mr. Frank T. Wray,

Dugout, Apollo, Pa. I became acquainted

with your CUTICURA REMEDIES, and take this

opportunity to testify to you that their use has

permanently cured me of one of the worst

cases of blood poisoning in connection with

erysipelas, that I have ever seen, and this after

having been pronounced incurable by some of the

best physicians in the country. I take

great pleasure in forwarding to you this testi-

monial, unsolicited as it is by you, in order

that others suffering from similar maladies

may be encouraged to give your CUTICURA

REMEDIUM a trial.

P. S. WHITFIELD, Leeburg, Pa.

Reference: FRANK T. WRAY, Dugout,

Apollo, Pa.

SCROFULOUS ULCERS.

James E. Richardson, Cuticura House, New

Haven, Conn., on July 1st, 1887. I have

been cured of my blood poisoning by the use

of your CUTICURA REMEDIUM. I was cured

of the worst case of Scrofulous Ulcers, and

the CUTICURA REMEDIUM, used them and was

perfectly cured.

Sincerely, J. E. RICHARDSON.

ONE OF THE WORST CASES.

We have been selling your CUTICURA REMEDIUM

for years, and have the first complaint

yet received from a purchaser. One of the

worst cases of Scrofulous Ulcers was cured

by the use of five bottles of CUTICURA REMEDIUM.

The CUTICURA REMEDIUM, used them and was

perfectly cured.

Sincerely, J. E. RICHARDSON.

SCROFULOUS, INHERITED,

And Contagious Humors, with Loss of Hair,

and Eruptions of the Skin, are positively cured

by CUTICURA and CUTICURA SOAP externally,

and CUTICURA REMEDIUM internally, when all

other remedies fail. Send for Pamphlet.

DRUGGISTS USE THEM.

We have obtained satisfactory results from

the use of the CUTICURA REMEDIUM in our

family, and recommend them beyond any other

remedies for diseases of the skin and blood.

The demand for them grows as their merits

become known. CUTICURA REMEDIUM, when all

other remedies fail. Send for Pamphlet.

MACMILLAN &amp; CO., Druggists, Lathrop, Pa.

CUTICURA REMEDIUM.

are sold everywhere. Price: CUTICURA, the

great Skin Cure, 50 cents; CUTICURA SOAP, an

Exquisite Beautifier, 50 cents; CUTICURA REMEDIUM,

the New Blood Purifier, 50 cents. POTTER

DRUG AND CHEMICAL CO., Boston.

PIMPLES, Blackheads, Skin Blemishes, and

Balding Humors, use CUTICURA SOAP.

Choking Catarrh.

COX \* & \* BARLOW'S,  
 145 THAMES ST.  
 \* DOORS \* NORTH \* OF \* BOSTON \* STORE. \*  
 LARGEST AND CHEAPEST ASSORTMENT OF  
 WINDOW SCREENS  
 In the City. The Balance of our  
 PATENT CHAIRS  
 Very Low To Close.  
 MARSH 101 and 103 THAMES ST.

## A Magnificent Journey.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 21.—The President and Mrs. Cleveland will leave Washington next week Friday for an absence of three weeks in the West and South. They will be accompanied by no officials, the other members of the party being the President's private secretary, Col. Leavenworth, and two personal friends of the President, Mr. Wilson S. Bissel, of Buffalo, N. Y., his former law partner, and Dr. Joseph D. Bryant of N. Y., who was a member of his military staff while Governor. The following is the itinerary of the journey. Leave Washington by Pennsylvania Railroad Friday, Sept. 30th, at 10 A. M.; arrive at Indianapolis, Saturday, Sept. 1st, at 11 A. M.; leave Indianapolis, Saturday, Oct. 1st, at 2 P. M.; arrive at Terre Haute, Saturday, Oct. 1st, at 5:30 P. M.; leave Terre Haute Saturday, Oct. 1st, at 6:15 P. M.; arrive at St. Louis, Saturday, Oct. 1st, at 12 o'clock midnight. Leave St. Louis by Chicago & Alton Tuesday, Oct. 4th, 11 P. M.; arrive at Chicago, Wednesday, Oct. 5th, at 9 A. M.; leave Chicago by Chicago & North Western Railway Thursday, Oct. 6th, at 10 A. M.; arrive at Milwaukee, Oct. 6th, at 1 P. M.; leave Milwaukee Friday, Oct. 7th, at 10 A. M.; arrive at Madison, Friday, Oct. 7th, at 1 P. M.; leave Madison by Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway, Monday, Oct. 10th, at 9 A. M.; arrive at St. Paul, Monday, Oct. 10th, at 6:30 P. M.; leave St. Paul Tuesday, Oct. 11th, at 12 noon; arrive at Minneapolis, Wednesday, Oct. 12th, at 1 P. M.; leave Minneapolis, Wednesday, Oct. 12th, at 1 P. M.; arrive at Chicago, Wednesday, Oct. 12th, at 1 P. M.; leave Chicago by Chicago & Quincy Railway, Wednesday, Oct. 12th, at 12 noon; arrive at St. Joseph Wednesday, Oct. 12th, at 5:15 in the afternoon; leave St. Joseph Wednesday, Oct. 12th, at 5:40 in the afternoon; arrive at Kansas City, Oct. 12th, at 1:15 in the afternoon; leave Kansas City by Kansas City, Fort Scott & Gulf Railway, Thursday, Oct. 13th, at 11 in the afternoon; arrive at Memphis, Friday, Oct. 14th, at 10 P. M.; leave Memphis by Louisville and Nashville Railway, Saturday, Oct. 15th, at 1 P. M.; arrive at Nashville, Saturday, Oct. 15th, at 1 P. M.; leave Nashville by Nashville, Chattanooga, and St. Louis, and Western and Atlantic Railway, Monday, Oct. 17, at 11 A. M.; arrive at Atlanta, Monday, Oct. 17, at 11 P. M.; leave Atlanta Wednesday, Oct. 19, at 12 o'clock, midnight; arrive at Montgomery Thursday, Oct. 20, at 8 A. M.; leave Montgomery by Keokuk and Western North Carolina Railway, Thursday, Oct. 20, at 1 P. M.; reach Washington, Saturday, Oct. 22, at 6 A. M.

## An Entire Village Destroyed by Fire.

MONTREAL, Sept. 21.—The village of Danby in this province has been wiped out of existence by fire and the consequent destruction of its buildings. Danby, formerly Old Durham, was a small hamlet in Drummond county in this province, 14 miles west of the town of Richmond, and contained a telegraph and post office, and several stores and large saw mills, which gave employment to most of the inhabitants, who numbered about 250 souls. The fire started in the deepest gloom and darkness, and the loss is complete, there being scarcely a dollar of insurance on the buildings and their contents. Appeals for aid have been made and contributions are flowing in freely.

## The Mystery at Webster.

WEBSTER, MASS., Sept. 22.—At 11 o'clock this morning a horse drove up before Undertaker Ayres' house on Light street and without delay the remains of Little A. Hoyt the victim of Webster's unparalleled tragedy were removed for burial. Active work was begun today by the police in the effort to unravel the mystery. As the murdered girl was about to become a mother it is believed that the secret of some connection with the crime. In the corner where the body was found, the detectives dug for a missing ear-ring which it is supposed the girl wore when she left her room. A small leather strap was unexpectedly revealed but the ear-ring could not be found. As the day advanced the spot was crowded with visitors.

## The Sevilla Estate.

NEW YORK, Sept. 22.—Matters have been so arranged that the estate of the late J. E. Sevilla, of Peru, will be settled at once. In one of three wills left by Sevilla, the City of New York was bequeathed about \$2,000,000 to maintain the "Sevilla home" for the care and instruction of young girls. Now the city will get \$500,000 for the same purpose. August Belmont, William H. Oshorn, James E. Matrose, William H. Grace and Henry Budge are named as trustees. Sevilla's estate is estimated at \$4,000,000 although as some of the property is deposited in vaults the exact amount will not be known until the executor makes an examination.

## The Grave of a Scott.

QUEBEC, Sept. 22.—A movement is on foot here among the few English speaking people who are left in the ancient capital to place the grave in St. Matthew's church yard of Major "Thos. Scott brother of the great novelist, in a proper state of repair. It is now in a shamefully neglected condition. Major Scott was regimental paymaster of the British army, and to him the Edinburgh society attributed the earlier Waverley novels.

## Picked Up at Sea.

ST. JOHN'S, N. S., Sept. 22.—The Cornacks, a banker craft, of Salmon, put into Ferryland yesterday, having on board the dead body of a woman which was picked up on Sunday on the Grand Banks, by one of the Cornack's crew while attending his trawls. Some papers found in her clothing showed that she had been a passenger on board one of the White Star line boats, and that she was bound from Liverpool to New York. She was well dressed. Nothing is known of her name, residence or past history.

## Another Man Gone Wrong.

HARTFORD, CONN., Sept. 22.—B. A. S. Wheeler, of New Haven, was arrested and brought to city this afternoon on a complaint made by the Phoenix National Bank, of this city, charged with obtaining money on false pretenses. He was held in bonds of \$5,000.

## Big Fire at Albany.

ALBANY, N. Y., Sept. 21.—The mammoth Columbia Mills of Capren and Wolverson were destroyed by fire this morning. Eight firemen who were in one of the upper floors pouring streams into the burning grain, were cut off by the flames and narrowly escaped death. Chief Higgins had the longest ladder thrown up, but to the horror of all it would not reach within many feet. Six strong men then mounted the ladder upon their shoulders, but still it would not reach the imprisoned men who, in desperation, crawled over the sill and dropped to the ladder below, catching the rounds. All were saved. The fire is supposed to have caught from a hot journal as the machinery was running at the time. Loss on building and stock, \$150,000; insurance, \$90,000.

## The Money Market.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 21.—Acting Secretary of the Treasury Thompson was today in consultation with other officers of the Department considering the condition of the money market. He stated to a Press News Association reporter that several plans for relieving the stringency of the money market were under consideration but that he would prefer waiting until something was definitely agreed upon before saying anything for publication. What ever action the Department determines upon will be taken very shortly.

## Judgment Against Congressman Negley.

NEW YORK, Sept. 20.—A judgment of \$10,000 was today secured against ex-Congressman J. Negley, of Pittsburg, Charles E. Link, a civil engineer, claimed that he went to Cuba for Negley in 1885, to lay out a railroad and that Negley owed him \$10,000 less \$850 paid on account. Gen. Negley claimed that he had simply acted as the agents for parties in Santiago, Cuba.

## Sign of the Great White Bear.

The Clock Store of Mr. T. Tebbetts, 99 Westminister street, Providence, R. I., with its unique sign that everyone remembers as Jack, the Great White Bear, has lived and prospered one year, and has far exceeded the most sanguine expectations of its proprietor. This was the second annual grand opening of Ladies' Misses' and Children's Fall and Winter Cloaks, and the store was completely filled with the most beautiful and elegant garments of the season. The display of high and elegant garments was beautiful, and the whole varied assortment, from the very latest in style to the most expensive, shows rare taste in its selection. You can't visit your means in the purchase of a cloak from \$1 to the very latest in style, and the most beautiful and elegant assortment of the season. This is one of the special features of this store, no garment being allowed to be sold unless perfect in fit and shape, all this without added expense to the customer.

This store has always from a great attention to the children, many lessons in natural history being taken from the White Bear, and now Mr. Tebbetts has added another gem, especially in the way of a beautiful boy's Bengal Tiger, considered by local professors of zoology one of the finest and largest of its species. This specimen was specially brought from London for Mr. Tebbetts. As the season progresses there will be many different specimens of special styles of cloaks, due in fact, which will be given, and many persons having always found the bargains just as they were advertised have come to the conclusion that it is far better to trade with a store where a specialty of cloaks is made, the prices being lower and the assortment so much greater. Mr. Tebbetts has been fortunate in surrounding himself with contented and contented salespeople, who have contributed not a little to his success. One of whom, Mr. Charles W. Allen, has long been known to the public, and in whom they feel they can place every confidence in the selection of a garment. We predict for the future an even greater measure of success than in the past for our pushing young merchant.

## When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.

When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.

When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.

When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

Our American babies—our American babies—How sweet is the story their history tells—They are wise babies, too, for it is their want To use every day their RIGIDOLANT Which sweetens the breath and keeps the teeth well.

No wonder we're proud of our American babies.

Why Has Sordozoni Become the staple denture in America? Simply because it is impossible to use it, even for a week, without perceiving its hygienic effect upon the teeth, the gums and the breath.

Breakage is immaterial if you have SPALDING'S GLOBE at hand.

Smart Weed and Belladonna combined with the other ingredients in the best form. Plasters make Carter's S. W. & B. Backache Plasters the best in the market. Price 25 cents.

Always avoid harsh purgative pills. They first make you sick and then leave you constipated. Carter's Little Liver Pills regulate the bowels and make you well. Dose, one pill.

The trident of Neptune is the sceptre of the world.

A man's wife should always be the same, especially to her husband, but if she is weak and nervous, and uses Carter's Iron Pills, she cannot be, for they make her "feel like a different person," at least so they all say, and their husbands say so too. Carter's Iron Pills equalize the circulation, restore nervousness and give strength and rest. Try them.

According to the security you offer to her, Fortune makes her lean easy or ruinous.

DOCTOR YOURSELF and save money, and perhaps your life. Send the 2-cent stamps to pay postage to A. P. Ordway & Co., Boston, Mass., and receive a copy of Dr. Kaufmann's great Medical Work, 100 pages, elegant colored plates!

The iron chain and the silver cord both are equally valuable.

**For Sale.**

A very desirable farm in the town of South Portsmouth, near St. Mary's church and post-office, known as the Peleg Amy farm, comprising 100 acres of land, with a well, a well, the river view, and a first class farm. For further particulars, apply to

GEORGE V. WILBUR, Real Estate Broker, 20 Bellevue Avenue.

**NEW LINE**

—OF—

**MEN'S**

**CALF \* SHOES,**

—FOR—

**\$3.00.**

In narrow toe, medium and Wampanoag, the best line yet made for the above price.

**Rubbers. Rubbers.**

A full line in stock at the lowest cash prices.

**ARMAN, 160 THAMES-ST.**

**HATS!!**

**Just Received from**

**Topping, Maynard &**

**Hobson, the Fall**

**Block and Colors in**

**Stiff Hats**

**JAMES P. TAYLOR,**

**169 THAMES STREET.**

**NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.**

**To Rent.**

In Providence, R. I., east side, modern house, eleven rooms fully furnished. Address 6-10-3w

**H. W. LADD & CO.**

**SECOND WEEK**

**OF OUR**

**SPECIAL EXHIBITION**

**FINE DRESS GOODS**

**—AND—**

**THE LATEST NOVELTIES**

**—IN—**

**FRENCH AND GERMAN**

**PLUSHES & VELVETS.**

Our special exhibition of latest novelties from Paris for the coming season will continue this week in the room next to our office on our third floor, to which all are invited, whether they wish to purchase or to look for the pleasure of it. We will show you some of the most desirable things imported, and also our selection from the best American manufacturers.

## New Advertisements.

**To Rent.**

In Providence, R. I., east side, modern house, eleven rooms fully furnished. Address 6-10-3w

**H. W. LADD & CO.**

**SECOND WEEK**

**OF OUR**

**SPECIAL EXHIBITION**

**FINE DRESS GOODS**

**—AND—**

**THE LATEST NOVELTIES**

**—IN—**

**FRENCH AND GERMAN**

**PLUSHES & VELVETS.**

Our special exhibition of latest novelties from Paris for the coming season will continue this week in the room next to our office on our third floor, to which all are invited, whether they wish to purchase or to look for the pleasure of it. We will show you some of the most desirable things imported, and also our selection from the best American manufacturers.

**H. W. LADD & CO.**

**213 and 215 Westminister Street,**

**Providence, R. I.**

**Now when the buds begin**

**To show**

**The thin for young and**

**old to know**

**That FEVER, LUSTITUDIN**

**The ill at Judgement**

**With every trouble, also**

**"Chills," "Fever," "The Bitter**

**truth,"**

**Will create the thousands of night**

**WANTED—LADIES for our Fall and**

**Christmas Trade, to take light, pleasant**

**work at their own homes. \$1 to \$3 per day can**

**be quickly made. Work sent by mail any distance.**

**Particulars free. No canvassing.**

**Address at once, CHESBENT APT CO., 107**

**WILM street, Boston, Mass. Box 5170.**

**Sacques!**

**Sacques!**

**SEAL**

**SACQUES,**

**Plush Sacques,**

**AND FUR LINED**

**CIRCULARS,**

**Furnished at short notice, at the**

**very lowest prices.**

**We make a special business of re-coloring,**

**Repairing, and altering Seal Sacques, also Fur**

**Lined Circulars, turned, repaired and put in**

**order, on the most**

**Reasonable Terms.**

**It is a good time to have your garments re-**

**paired before the season commences.**

**J. E. Seabury,**

**218 & 220 Thames-st.**

**HATS!!**

**Just Received from**

**Topping, Maynard &**

**Hobson, the Fall**

**Block and Colors in**

**Stiff Hats**

**JAMES P. TAYLOR,**

**169 THAMES STREET.**

**MISCELLANEOUS.**

**MORTGAGEE'S SALE.**

BY VIRTUE of a power of sale contained in a certain Mortgage deed, made and executed by John Smith and Mary A. Smith, wife of said John Smith, both of Newport in the State of Rhode Island, to Edward C. Schaefer, of the City, County and State of New York, dated the twenty-eighth day of December, A. D. 1885, and recorded in Volume 18 of Mortgages Land Evidence of said Newport, at pages 500 and 501.

The undersigned hereby gives notice that upon the premises hereinafter described, on Wednesday, June 15th, A. D. 1887, at 11:30 o'clock A. M., the conditions of said mortgage having been broken, all the right, title and interest which said John Smith and Mary A. Smith had at the time of the execution of said mortgage deed in and to the premises, and in and to the goods and chattels hereinafter described, to wit: that certain lot or parcel of land in said Newport, with all the buildings and improvements thereon, situated on a way leading down Newnam's wharf, easterly on land formerly of George Bowen, deceased; and westerly on land of William P. Sheffield; and two express wagons, one team horse, and two grey horses, and all the stock and fixtures and furniture in the store numbered twenty-six Market Square, in said Newport, and two sets of harness. And the undersigned hereby gives notice that he intends to bid upon said premises and said goods and chattels at said sale.

EDWARD C. SCHAEFER, Mortgagee.

Newport, June 15, 1887.

The above sale was this day, on the premises, adjourned to Friday, July 15, 1887, at the same time and place.

By order of the Mortgagee, FRANCIS STANHOPE, Auctioneer.

Newport, July 15, 1887.

The above sale was this day, on the premises, adjourned until the 29th day of July, at the same time and place.

By order of the Mortgagee, FRANCIS STANHOPE, Auctioneer.

Newport, July 15, 1887.

The above sale was this day, on the premises, adjourned until the 29th day of August, 1887, at the same time and place.

By order of the Mortgagee, FRANCIS STANHOPE, Auctioneer.

Newport, Aug. 15, 1887.

The above sale was this day, on the premises, adjourned to Wednesday, August 10, 1887, at the same time and place.

By order of the Mortgagee, FRANCIS STANHOPE, Auctioneer.

Newport, Aug. 10, 1887.

The above sale was this day, on the premises, adjourned to Friday, August 26, 1887, at the same time and place.

By order of the Mortgagee, FRANCIS STANHOPE, Auctioneer.

Newport, August 26, 1887.

The above sale was this day, on the premises, adjourned to Friday, September 2, 1887, at the same time and place.

By order of the Mortgagee, FRANCIS STANHOPE, Auctioneer.

Newport, Sept. 2, 1887.

The above sale was this day, on the premises, adjourned to Friday, September 16, 1887, at the same time and place.

By order of the Mortgagee, FRANCIS STANHOPE, Auctioneer.

Newport, Sept. 16, 1887.

The above sale was this day, on the premises, adjourned to Friday, September 23, 1887, at the same time and place.

By order of the Mortgagee, FRANCIS STANHOPE, Auctioneer.

Newport, Sept. 23, 1887.

The above sale was this day, on the premises, adjourned to Friday, September 30, 1887, at the same time and place.

By order of the Mortgagee, FRANCIS STANHOPE, Auctioneer.

Newport, Sept. 30, 1887.

The above sale was this day, on the premises, adjourned to Friday, October 7, 1887, at the same time and place.

By order of the Mortgagee, FRANCIS STANHOPE, Auctioneer.

Newport, Oct. 7, 1887.

The above sale was this day, on the premises, adjourned to Friday, October 14, 1887, at the same time and place.

## Miscellaneous.

**MORTGAGEE'S SALE.**

BY VIRTUE of a power of sale contained in a certain Mortgage deed, made and executed by John Smith and Mary A. Smith, wife of said John Smith, both of Newport in the State of Rhode Island, to Edward C. Schaefer, of the City, County and State of New York, dated the twenty-eighth day of December, A. D. 1885, and recorded in Volume 18 of Mortgages Land Evidence of said Newport, at pages 500 and 501.

The undersigned hereby gives notice that upon the premises hereinafter described, on Wednesday, June 15th, A. D. 1887, at 11:30 o'clock A. M., the conditions of said mortgage having been broken, all the right, title and interest which said John Smith and Mary A. Smith had at the time of the execution of said mortgage deed in and to the premises, and in and to the goods and chattels hereinafter described, to wit: that certain lot or parcel of land in said Newport, with all the buildings and improvements thereon, situated on a way leading down Newnam's wharf, easterly on land formerly of George Bowen, deceased; and westerly on land of William P. Sheffield; and two express wagons, one team horse, and two grey horses, and all the stock and fixtures and furniture in the store numbered twenty-six Market Square, in said Newport, and two sets of harness. And the undersigned hereby gives notice that he intends to bid upon said premises and said goods and chattels at said sale.

EDWARD C. SCHAEFER, Mortgagee.

Newport, June 15, 1887.

The above sale was this day, on the premises, adjourned to Friday, July 15, 1887, at the same time and place.

By order of the Mortgagee, FRANCIS STANHOPE, Auctioneer.

Newport, July 15, 1887.

The above sale was this day, on the premises, adjourned until the 29th day of July, at the same time and place.

By order of the Mortgagee, FRANCIS STANHOPE, Auctioneer.

Newport, July 15, 1887.

The above sale was this day, on the premises, adjourned until the 29th day of August, 1887, at the same time and place.

By order of the Mortgagee, FRANCIS STANHOPE, Auctioneer.

Newport, Aug. 15, 1887.

## AUTUMNAL WEDDINGS.

Interesting Description of the Latest Styles of Dress for Bride and Bridesmaid.

## THE BRIDE'S DRESS.

Ivory white satin, faille française, and more antique are the fabrics of rich wedding gowns prepared for autumn, and their trimming is lace in flounces of round point, or in wide bands of Valenciennes, or of embroidered lisse broad enough to drape the entire front of the skirt. White satin with round point flounces and garlands of lisse-of-the-valley with orange blossoms is the typical gown for a bride whose maids will wear rose-pink tulle, making the tableau at the altar white and rose instead of the white and gold groups seen last year. Faille française with thick raps, yet very soft and as lustrous as satin, is chosen by brides of conservative taste, and is draped with Valenciennes or Brussels lace. Moire with frost-like surface takes the place of brocades for very handsome dresses, and may be used with its surface merely marked by large ripples, or also with stripes and hails of satin.

## THE TRAIL AND BASQUE.

The skirt of the bridal dress has a full flowing train of four or five breadths entirely without trimming, and so well lined and mounted over crimoline, steels, balayouse, etc., that a trained potticoot is not needed beneath it. The front breadths are newly arranged in deep shirring at the top, falling straight to the foot, where a flounce of lace is set on as a border without fullness; or else lace flounces may be gathered across the foot of a gored skirt, and above these will be a breadth of the satin or silk (with selvages showing) for drapery at the top. Wide lisse or lace fronts full straight, and are lifted on one side or on both by a bouquet of orange blossoms or by a cluster of bows of moire ribbon set close together in a row. The pointed front of the basque is draped with lace, two lengths of a flounce being set on at the top with the scalloped edges meeting; this lace may be gathered into the shoulders, leaving a V-shaped opening on the neck, or it may be gathered high at the top, carried down full over the bust, and tucked into a half-girdle below, or else it may meet revers turned over on bias fronts of the dress goods which begin in the under-arm seams just below the armholes and are laced together in the middle, or may be tapered to a point, and have lapping ends held by a jeweled clasp, a cluster of bows, or a bouquet. The lace sleeves are full, and are in two slight puffs from the top to the elbows. The only flowers are those of the corsage and a single cluster on the skirt. The traditional wreath of orange blossoms is revived at English weddings, and the tulle veil is arranged to fall merely at the back, without draping the sides or veiling the face. The gloves of white undressed kid are long enough to meet the sleeves, and are worn more smoothly on the arms than they were formerly.

## SIMPLER GOWNS.

Simpler gowns are of gros grain, woaded silk, or the inexpensive pearl white India or China silks that cost \$1 a yard or even less. These are made up without lace, but have a trimming of pearl or crystal galloon in straight rows of heads with looped edges, arranged as a high collar, meeting down the front as a vest between shirred pieces from the shoulders, and edging the entire pointed waist; there are also beaded pascamenteries with large points, palms, and fringed pieces that can be separated and used for the waist and skirt. An effort to do away with the conventional wedding dress is seen in the white cloth dresses furnished by London tailors, and in the tulle dress made for a young Southern bride. A bride just leaving off mourning has a dress of white China crepe, with all her other gowns of gray or bollophore shades. A gray cloth costume trimmed with silver braid, and a bonnet to match, are being made for a widow to wear on the occasion of her second marriage. A set of pearl pascamenterie for a bride's dress has a V-shaped collar, epaulettes with fringe, a plastron and cuffs, and a rope-like girdle with tasselled ends.

## BRIDEMAIDS' DRESSES.

Moire with brocaded stripes of flowers is made up with lace for bridesmaids' dresses. This may have white ground, or it may be of the palest old-rose, sky blue, Nile green, or yellow, and when there are a number of bridesmaids each pair wears a different color. These dresses are made with a short bouffant skirt, lace flounces, and a long pointed waist, with Pompadour square neck and elbow sleeves; a small hat of lace, and a basket of flowers carried in the hand, complete these Dresden-china toilettes. White moire basques with lace skirts and moire sashes will also be worn by bridesmaids. A group of six bridesmaids have chosen Suede-colored China silk for three dresses, and heliotrope silk for the other three. Pretty dresses of white muslin veiling with full vests of Alencon lace have revers of white moire, and moire straps fastened by gold buckles; with these are stringless bonnets of lace, with gold quills thrust through a large bow of white moire ribbon; the bouquets are of blush-roses and maidenhair ferns. A pretty and simple dress for a maid of honor, or for several bridesmaids, is of white satin surah, with a very full short skirt, shirred at the top, and not trimmed otherwise. The full gathered waist has a sash of wide moire ribbon tied behind, and the bouquets worn in the corsage are of yellow roses. A short tulle veil falls just below the waist. Bridesmaids wear tan-colored suede gloves, with slippers of the same tan kid, and stockings to match; these complete dresses of any color as well as white toilettes.

## THE BRIDE'S TRAVELING DRESS.

The going-away gowns made for

brides by English tailors are of steel gray, or London smoke, or fawn-colored faced-cloth trimmed with oxidized silver braid in clusters, and on the vest, collar and cuffs. A bridled coat is made of the same cloth, and the bonnet or small round hat has the crown of the cloth with rows of pinked edges, or else is braided in rows, and the brim is made of changeable velvet in which red or blue is shot across a gray ground; the trimming is an Alencon bow of very wide watered ribbon with two quills thrust through it. Round hats are more used than bonnets with traveling suits, and may be felt the color of the dress, trimmed with velvet or with plaid moire ribbon. Gray serge combined with velvet striped serge is used when cloth gowns are thought too heavy. Brides who avoid all appearance of bridehood choose gowns of the striped tweeds in half-inch stripes of brown, blue and olive, or other dark combinations, and make them up with pinked leaf-point edges that rest upon wide velvet ribbon as a finish for the drapery and the lower skirt. The skirts pass around the figure in the skirt and its draperies, and are taken lengthwise or diagonally in the basque.

## Transmission of Messages.

To attempt to form an idea of the period at which written messages were first transmitted by hand would be an impossible task. Without, however, going back to any more remote period, it may be pointed out that the existence of post messages is more than once referred to in the Old Testament. Job compares our fleeting life to the color of postal transmission when he says, "Now my days are swifter than a post; they flee away." Again, in the Bible is clearly pointed to in the story of Esther, thus: "And he wrote in the King's name, and sealed it with the King's ring, and sent letters by post on horseback." Sileus, the historian, speaks of one of the King's of Egypt "receiving his letters each day," which suggests very strongly, not only a post, but a daily delivery of letters, though it may probably be taken for granted that the King was the only person in the country so favored. The Persians for hundreds of years were content with their "postal relays," a system by which letters were passed on from hand to hand—a very general practice in those days in many Eastern countries. According to Xenophon, King Cyrus was the first who established a horse post, and this was presided over by Darius himself, who, before ascending the throne, was (says Plutarch) Controller of Posts! Mention is also made by Plutarch of a "call post," which, however, must not be confounded in its objects with the *post-restante* of to-day. Any important news was called out in stentorian tones from a given spot or "call post," and thus communicated to all persons within earshot, who in their turn passed the news on to the others by similar means. This simple and effective system is also noticed by Caesar as having been in vogue among the Gauls. Now if we add to this the modern newspaper, it is not uninteresting to note that nearly 2,000 years after Caesar's time—that is up to the beginning of the present century—precisely the same method of imparting news was resorted to in small towns and villages in England. The Egyptian Sultans, from the earliest times, recognized the necessity of rapid postal communication, and all over their vast territory they maintained a Government Post, the organization of which has been described, with many interesting details, by Arabian chroniclers of the different eras. In addition to the courier and horse post, an arrangement had for centuries been in existence in Egypt for the transmission of messages by pigeon post, an institution which has been brought to great perfection, and was unparalleled of its kind. The number of carrier pigeons kept in readiness for the service of one of the Sultans, during the twelfth century, is stated to have been near upon 2,000, and of so great an importance and dignity was this pigeon post considered to be that the Sultan alone had the right of taking the messages from the pigeons as they arrived. If eating or sleeping, his meals or repose were disturbed for this solemn function.—[The National Review.]

The reported landing in Cuba of a small filibustering expedition from Pine Key or Key West possesses little importance save to the persons composing it, who may risk their necks in the experiment. The party seems to have sailed in a very small boat and to have disembarked, according to one report, near Sagua, and to another near Matanzas. No more foolish movement could be made, since the few men concerned in it could hardly be of use to their cause, unless they should receive reinforcements a hundredfold; and they had no supplies of consequence. The whole affair may have been undertaken on the strength of the political troubles at Havana, in which the Captain-General is concerned; and it resembles one more of the expeditions of dime-novel reading urchins to exterminate the Apaches rather than a serious undertaking. The handful of filibusters will be fortunate if they escape with their lives and without doing harm, by their ill-timed exploit, to imprisoned comrades of previous expeditions now under sentence.

Want of care does more damage than want of knowledge.

For a woman to say she does not use Procter & Gamble's Lenox Soap, is to admit she is "behind the times." Nobody uses ordinary soap now they can get "Lenox."

## The Pensee Girl.

The *pensee* girl is not unknown. Younger women look at her with some disdain, while they confide in her, and the men of her period do not look at her at all, so to speak. People often complain that she dresses too young, that she affects youthful and girlish airs, that she chooses her friends from a younger generation, that she is not resigned to growing old, and that her conversation and manners are of a juvenile style. They do not reflect that it is every one's duty to make the most of one's self. We do not feel old because others regard us so, or because time has touched us roughly; no one looks so old in her own looking-glass as in the prejudiced mirror of another's eyes. There seems to be a species of jealousy among the girls of the period if the *pensee* girl has the bad taste to look younger than her age—a jealousy which is incomprehensible in view of the fact that the first is in undisputed possession of the youth of which the other only wears the tawdry imitation; but the young girl seems to be afraid lest the senior should usurp her kingdom and carry off her vassals, being vaguely conscious that she has other attractions than the iridescent and evanescent ones peculiar to herself. The *pensee* girl for the most part charms by her cheerfulness, if nothing else. She knows too well that it will not do for her to indulge in megrims, that they dull the complexion, steal the brightness from the eyes, and grow wrinkles about the mouth. She knows that expression is everything; that it is more important than fine coloring, than classic contours or luxuriant tresses. What if she does wear a false bang? what if she sometimes adds a little rose to her pallor—there are those who contend that it is a duty she owes society. Let her hold fast to the little remnant of youth left her; do not grudge her the Saint Martin summer of her life; she knows better than her detractors where the wrinkles and gray hair lurk. It is not the pleasantest existence, that of the *pensee* girl; it is not full of hope and promise; she is not in demand; she is more or less a wallflower; she is not going here to-day and there to-morrow; men do not shower bouquets upon her, or hang upon her lips, or write her sonnets, or dedicate music to her; but, for all this, she may be a very charming companion, and more interesting than in the years when the bloom was on her cheeks, in her "green and salad days."—Harper's Bazar.

## That Cursed Boy.

Mrs. Wayup was telling her guests the other evening how she was being persecuted by her husband to have her hair cut short.

"But," she concluded, "I do hate to part with my hair."

Just then the 5 year old demon uttered—

"What do you want, Johnny?"

"Why, Neil is upstairs, and she wants to know which hair you will wear to-night, for she wants the dark shade if you don't."

## New York Fashions.

LONG PLEAT CLOAKS.

Long pleat cloaks are in pelisse or redingote shape, open up the back and side seams to the hips, straight down the front, and with bell-shaped sleeves that curve wider below the elbow. The trimming is bead embroidery done on the garment down the fronts, widening toward the foot in robe design, and in V's or round collars on the closely fitted waist. Fur trimmings are placed up the front and the open seams, and are used as a high collar and cuffs, but are seldom placed around the foot as a border. Black fox, bear, and beaver furs are the trimmings. Light drab and golden brown plush pelisses are shown for evening and carriage cloaks, trimmed with iridescent bead embroidery and fringe, and edged with fur, and sometimes lined throughout with the crinkled white Chinese lamb-skin.

LONG CLOTH CLOAKS.

Long cloth cloaks are full garments, Raglan shape—that is, with square sleeves beginning in the side fronts—or else they are like the Irish peasant cloaks, gathered to the collar or yoke and straight to the ground without sleeves; a waistcoat front is added to these cloaks for warmth, and the long outer fronts are sometimes doubled from the foot upward as sling-sleeve capes are. Spider-weave designs are seen on the new cloths, also rough Astrakhan stripes, diagonal stripes, sunken oval and snail-shaped figures, and odd hieroglyphics, in lighter shades than that of the surface of the cloth, and also in contrasting colors. The striped rough cloths are very effective, as they give the appearance of great comfort and warmth, and may be had in dressy garments as well as in plain ulsters.

SILK AND VELVET DRESSES.

Repped silks of soft quality, such as faille française and Bengaline, are combined with velvet, either plain, striped, or plaided, for visiting and carriage dresses. The combinations of these two materials are done in various ways, but a preference is shown for having the becoming velvet next the wearer in the design or polonaise. One pretty design has Gobelin blue moire antique with paler blue satin stripes; the basque front is shirred to the shoulder seams and folded over the chest in three pleats graduated to the moire line at the pointed waist; the V shaped space at the top is filled in with velvet, and there is a velvet girdle pointed below; the high collar and narrow cuffs are of velvet. A wide panel of velvet is down the front of the skirt, a breadth of moire is each side of this panel, and other panels of velvet are next this moire breadth; the back of the polonaise then drapes the remainder of the skirt.

a velvet facing at the foot. The over-dress is a blue velvet polonaise, made with a very short pouter on the right, disclosing the draped silk skirt, while the left side forms a long square-cornered panel. A similar dress is shown in a rich green velvet and bougainville. The velvet polonaise is nothing more than a basque along the right side, disclosing a fringed draped side of a Bengaline lower skirt. The square-cornered panel on the left side is bordered with a ruche of ostrich feathers, which also extends up the front of the waist next a revers of green iridescent beads that trims the right side of the waist. The back drapery of velvet is gathered to the pointed middle forms of the waist. The fringe on the skirt is of silk, with deep netted heading like the Chinese fringe on crapo shawls. Another design has a velvet basque with faille sleeves, and a velvet lower skirt with sash drapery of the faille, with netted fringe on the sash breadths. The narrow-striped velvets of two colors, or else velvet stripes alternating with faille stripes of another color, are used for the bodice and skirts of dresses that have faille sleeves and drapery. Thus a red and green dress has red velvet half-inch stripes alternating with green faille stripes, forming a basque that has pleated fronts, the pleats wide on the shoulders, tapering to a point at the waist line, and the V space filled in with red moire ribbon; the high collar is of the striped velvet, and the coat sleeves of faille have striped velvet cuffs. The neck and sleeves have white feather-edged watered ribbon basted inside, with a small square bow of the same coming outside at the throat. Black striped velvet and faille dresses are being made in similar combinations, also plain black velvet polonaises with one short side and the opposite in a long panel, with the lower skirt of black faille française trimmed with fringe.

## BLACK SILK DRESSES.

Lace and jet passementerie are the trimmings for new dresses of black silk. The skirt is striped with rows of jet passementerie down the front and sides, or else only on one side, while the other side is pleated, or has lace arranged in cascades. Sometimes a jabot of wide lace edges a front drapery that comes from the left hip to the foot on the right side; below this are wide bands of solid jet alternating with broad pleats of the silk. Cord passementeries are also used on black silks, and are sometimes placed in points above a wide border of black velvet which trims the foot of the skirt all around. The silk draperies are very full and long, caught up on one side with a cord ornament, and are very fully pleated in the back, the pleats deeply lapped to extend to the end, and falling over in soft points on the tournure. Soft draperies from the shoulder to the waist cross diagonally the front of the basque, or else there are Directoire revers of velvet with two cascades of lace down the middle. A girdle, collar and cuffs of passementerie or jet, or else merely of silk cords, are the garniture for completing black faille dresses. The favorite fashion of a black velvet basque with black faille skirts will be worn again with either plain faille or basket-striped or else velvet-striped faille.

## FELT AND BEAVER.

Felt and beaver bonnets and round hats are largely imported in all the new dark colors. The felt is smooth, with some borders of long furry beaver. Hats of plain beaver, or better's plush, as milliners call it, are like the silk hats worn by gentlemen; these come in all dark colors as well as in glossy black, and will be chosen to match tailor suits of cloth; they were introduced last winter, and were in great favor with ladies who adopt English styles of dressing.

POLONAISES AND DEMI-POLONAISES.

Polonaises of cloth over full skirts of velvet, or else of lighter cloth bordered with velvet, are shown from various French modistes. These polonaises outline the long waist severely, with all fullness of the skirt added very far below the hips. Sometimes the front of the waist is shirred next a vest, while in other designs it is lapped far to the left side. In some instances the drapery touches the foot in front and back, and is scarcely longer than a basque on the sides, while other polonaises have a short pouter on the left hip, and a long apron front with straight pleats on the right side. This one-sided drapery is prettily seen in a brown cloth polonaise which discloses nearly the whole left side of its skirt of wide brown velvet stripes alternating with steel-colored Bengaline stripes. The front of the polonaise has points and a vest of steel galloon holding its shirrings in place. The striped skirt is made of five straight breadths of the single-width material, simply hemmed and mounted on a foundation skirt. Demi-polonaises have basque fronts and sides, with the polonaise drapery confined to the middle forms of the back, where it falls over a cushion attached to the pointed ends of these forms, and consists of four straight gathered breadths of moire of single width, or of two breadths of cloth of double fold; the skirt for such an overdress is perfectly plain in front and on the sides. An illustration of this model is of Gobelin blue moire antique with paler blue satin stripes; the basque front is shirred to the shoulder seams and folded over the chest in three pleats graduated to the moire line at the pointed waist; the V shaped space at the top is filled in with velvet, and there is a velvet girdle pointed below; the high collar and narrow cuffs are of velvet. A wide panel of velvet is down the front of the skirt, a breadth of moire is each side of this panel, and other panels of velvet are next this moire breadth; the back of the polonaise then drapes the remainder of the skirt.

## The First Sign

Of failing health, whether in the form of Nerve Sweats and Nervousness, or in a sense of General Weariness and Loss of Appetite, should suggest the use of Ayer's Sarsaparilla. This preparation is most effective for giving tone and strength to the enfeebled system, promoting the digestion and assimilation of food, restoring the nervous forces to their normal condition, and for purifying, enriching, and vitalizing the blood.

## Failing Health.

Ten years ago my health began to fail. I was troubled with a distressing Cough, Night Sweats, Weakness, and Nervousness. I tried various remedies prescribed by different physicians, but became so weak that I could not go up stairs without stopping to rest. My friends recommended me to try Ayer's Sarsaparilla, which I did, and I am now as healthy and strong as ever.—Mrs. E. L. Williams, Alexandria, Minn.

I have used Ayer's Sarsaparilla in my family, for Scrofula, and know, if it is taken faithfully, that it will thoroughly eradicate this terrible disease. I have also prescribed it as a tonic, as well as an alterative, and must say that I honestly believe it to be the best blood medicine ever compounded.—W. F. Fowler, D. D. S., M. D., Greenville, Tenn.

## Dyspepsia Cured.

It would be impossible for me to describe what I suffered from Indigestion and Headache up to the time I began taking Ayer's Sarsaparilla. I was under the care of various physicians and tried a great many kinds of medicines, but never obtained more than temporary relief. After taking Ayer's Sarsaparilla for a short time, my headache disappeared, and my stomach performed its duties more perfectly. To-day my health is completely restored.—Mury Harlow, Springfield, Mass.

I have been greatly benefited by the prompt use of Ayer's Sarsaparilla. It tones and invigorates the system, regulates the action of the digestive and assimilative organs, and vitalizes the blood. It is, without doubt, the most reliable blood purifier yet discovered.—H. D. Johnson, 283 Atlantic ave., Brooklyn, N. Y.

## Ayer's Sarsaparilla,

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass. Price 51; six bottles, \$5.

## Solid Truth!

There is No Better Cathartic No Better Liver-Medicine Than

THE WORLD-RENOVED DR. SCHENCK'S MANDRAKE PILLS

For Sale by all Druggists. Price 25 cts. per box; 5 boxes for \$1.25; or sent by mail, postage free, on receipt of price. Dr. J. D. Schenck & Son, Philad.

## NOTICE!

UMBRELLAS AND PARASOLS repaired and re-covered. Samples of all kinds of coverings on hand. Also all the new styles of sticks furnished. Keys of all kinds, including Yale lock keys, fitted and locks furnished and repaired. All kinds of tools sharpened and polished. Orders promptly attended to. Umbrellas and Parasols for sale. ROCCO BARONE, 7 Kinsey's Wharf.

## Banking and Insurance.

PROVIDENCE MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

Office: 46 WESTMINSTER ST., PROVIDENCE R. I.

THE oldest Mutual Fire Insurance Company in New England. Has paid eighty-four years of uninterrupted success. Is noted for the liberal form of its policy and for its fairness in settling losses. It has always paid losses by lightning.

H. R. BARKER, President. H. C. WATERS, Secretary. HENRY BULL, Jr., Agent.

## FOR SALE CHEAP.

A good second-hand square piano. Apply to

JOHN VARS,

Teacher, Tuner and Dealer, No. 8 Sherman street.

## Prepared Coke.

An excellent Summer fuel. Kindles quickly and

Makes an intense fire. Especially good for open grates.

Cleanly, convenient and economical. Delivered anywhere within the compact part of the city.

Leave orders at either office

181 THAMES ST.

OR

557 THAMES ST.

## THIS IS THE SEASON

When you can secure special bargains in the common or unprepared coke when taken in quantities of one hundred bushels or upwards at the Works. For terms, apply at either office.

THE NEWPORT

Gas Light Co.

COCKLE'S ANTI-BILIOUS PILLS,

THE GREAT ENGLISH REMEDY

## Business Cards.

SLOCUM & BLUCK, CITY MARKET,

111 Thames Street, Newport, R. I.

DEALERS IN—Meats, Poultry, Game, Vegetables and Fruit, AT THE LOWEST MARKET PRICES! S. P. SLOCUM. JOHN BLUCK

M. COTTRELL, Furnishing Undertaker,

3 DOORS SOUTH OF POST OFFICE.

Residence, No. 79 Thames Street.

H. C. COTTRELL, Residence, 104 MILL-ST. NEWPORT.

JOSEPH M. LYON, Plumber, Brass Fitter and Copper-smith,

No. 226 Thames Street, Newport, R. I.

Has constantly on hand a variety of Force and Lift Pumps, which he repairs. Also, Water Cocks, Wash Bowls, Faucets, and every description of Plumbing Materials, and can be brought elsewhere. Lead Pipe, Sheet Lead, and all kinds of Brass and Composition Castings made to order. Ship Castings of all kinds on hand and made to order at short notice.

Furniture Repairing, Upholstering, Chair Seating

George B. Smith,

Rear of 30 Broadway.

JOHN ALDERSON, MERCHANT TAILOR,

Franklin Str e

ONE DOOR ABOVE THAMES STREET.

Ladies' Cloaks, Ulsters and Walking Coats a specialty. Liveries of every description made to order.

SA NEW LINE OF Seasonable Goods

JUST RECEIVED. 1-23

REMOVAL.

LAW OFFICES

PECKHAM & TYLER,

Counselors at Law, Removed to

68-71 Trinity Building (3d floor), 111 Broadway, New York City.

WM. G. PECKHAM, WM. H. KLECKY, E. W. TYLER, J. W. MASON.

Commissioner for R. I. in N. Y.

Do You Want

a SOFA, LOUNGE, EASY CHAIR

or any Upholstered Furniture?

—CALL AT—

28 JOHN ST.,

and have it made at your own price, upon a guarantee of being perfectly satisfactory.

Furniture Repairing, Mattresses Made Over, Window Shades Put Up, Carpets Made and Laid, &c., &c.

GEO. NASON.

10-3

ASTHMA CURED!

A SINGLE TRIAL will convince the most skeptical of the efficacy of the

GERMAN ASTHMA CURE

which cures where all other remedies fail. It is a

positive cure for all cases of Asthma, Hay Fever, Cough, and all other

respiratory diseases. It is a

positive cure for all cases of Asthma, Hay Fever, Cough, and all other

respiratory diseases. It is a

positive cure for all cases of Asthma, Hay Fever, Cough, and all other

respiratory diseases. It is a

positive cure for all cases of Asthma, Hay Fever, Cough, and all other

respiratory diseases. It is a

positive cure for all cases of Asthma, Hay Fever, Cough, and all other

respiratory diseases. It is a

positive cure for all cases of Asthma, Hay Fever, Cough, and all other

respiratory diseases. It is a

positive cure for all cases of Asthma, Hay Fever, Cough, and all other

respiratory diseases. It is a

positive cure for all cases of Asthma, Hay Fever, Cough, and all other

respiratory diseases. It is a

positive cure for all cases of Asthma, Hay Fever, Cough, and all other

respiratory diseases. It is a

positive cure for all cases of Asthma, Hay Fever, Cough, and all other

respiratory diseases. It is a

## For Sale or To Let.

A RARE OPPORTUNITY.

A fine villa, barn and land on Broadway, commanding a fine view of the river, ocean and surrounding country, only fifty-three cents a foot, and including buildings. Apply at the OFFICE OF THE MERCURY.

FOR SALE.

A small and desirable lot on Farewell street. A house and lot on Spruce street, at a bar gain.

Large farm near Hanging Rocks, overlooking second beach and East River; buildings in good order; excellent location for a stock farm.

TO LET.

Land at Easton's Point and vicinity. Cottage of 5 rooms. One estate 192 Thames street. Two cottages on Broadway. A small unfurnished house on Whitfield court.

A desirable stable on Prison street. A. P. BAKER.

Russell Forsyth,

Real Estate Agent

30 Bellevue Ave.

NEWPORT, R. I.

FURNISHED COTTAGES TO RENT.

FOR SALE—Desirable pieces of improved and unimproved properties. 34-17

JAMESTOWN, CONANICUT ISLAND!!!

TO LET—Furnished cottages from \$150 to \$1000 for the season. Beautiful views, good bathing, boating and fishing.



